

# FortiWeb Release Notes

VERSION 6.4.0



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### Introduction

This document provides information about new and enhanced features, installation instructions, resolved issues, and known issues for FortiWeb 6.4.0, build 1444.

FortiWeb is a web application firewall (WAF) that protects hosted web applications from attacks that target known and unknown exploits. Using multi-layered and correlated detection methods, FortiWeb defends applications from known vulnerabilities and zero-day threats. The Web Application Security Service from FortiGuard Labs uses information based on the latest application vulnerabilities, bots, suspicious URL and data patterns, and specialized heuristic detection engines to keep your applications safe.

FortiWeb also offers a machine-learning function that enables it to automatically detect malicious web traffic. In addition to detecting known attacks, the feature can detect potential unknown zero-day attacks to provide real-time protection for web servers.

FortiWeb allows you to configure these features:

- · Vulnerability scanning and patching
- IP reputation, web application attack signatures, credential stuffing defense, anti-virus, and FortiSandbox Cloud powered by FortiGuard
- · Real-time attack insights and reporting with advanced visual analytics tools
- Integration with FortiGate and FortiSandbox for ATP detection
- · Behavioral attack detection
- Advanced false positive and negative detection avoidance

FortiWeb hardware and virtual machine platforms are available for medium and large enterprises, as well as for service providers.

For additional documentation, please visit the FortiWeb documentation:

http://docs.fortinet.com/fortiweb/

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### What's new

#### Security Fabric - Single Sign On with FortiGate

The Security Fabric integration has been enhanced. New Fabric connectors tab is added. You can now use SSO to log in to FortiWeb directly from FortiGate.

For more information, see Fabric Connector: Single Sign On with FortiGate.

#### **Machine Learning Anomaly Detection enhancement**

**Anomaly Detection** in **Machine Learning** is enhanced to simplify the configuration and refine the process of model refreshing. **Sample Collection mode** and **Parameter Model Update** have been removed and are now fully automated.

For more information, see Configuring anomaly detection policy.

#### **Web Shell Detection**

The **Trojan detection** in **File Security** is upgraded to a separate tab named **Web Shell Detection**. This feature becomes more powerful as it not only detects known web shells but also performs fuzzy hash based web shell detection.

For more information, see Web Shell Detection.

#### Let's Encrypt certificate support

Integration with Let's Encrypt is now supported, allowing to automatically generate server certificates alleviating the need to upload private certificates.

For more information, see Let's Encrypt certificates.

#### **AWS and Azure External Connectors**

You can configure External Connectors to authorize FortiWeb to access your public cloud resources on AWS and Azure in order to automatically obtain and dynamically update the IP addresses of the back-end servers.

For more information, see AWS Connector and Azure Connector.

#### reCAPTCHA support

reCAPTCHA for bot detection is now available. It's integrated into features such as **Dos Protect** and **Bot Mitigation** to confirm whether the client is a bot or not.

For more information, see Creating reCAPTCHA servers.

#### SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection enhancement

Additional scan targets have been added to SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection. "User-Agent", "Referer", and all other HTTP headers are now supported in addition to the existing "Parameter Name", "Parameter Value" and "Request Cookie".

For more information, see Syntax-based SQL/XSS injection detection.

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#### Predefined policies in SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection

Predefined SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection policies are added so that you can quickly apply them in a web protection profile.

#### NTLM Authentication support in Site Publish rule

FortiWeb now supports authenticating clients by NTLM in HTTP. In Site Publish rule, you can select **NTLM Authentication** for **Client Authentication Method**, then select **Kerberos Constrained Delegation** for **Authentication Delegation**.

For more information, see Authentication Delegation in Offloaded authentication and optional SSO configuration.

#### New RADIUS authorization support for client certificate authentication

New options are added in **Site Publish** rule to support extracting username from the client certificate and send it to the RADIUS server for an additional authorization step.

For more information, see Client Authentication Method in Offloaded authentication and optional SSO configuration.

#### HTTP header append

The Referer-policy and Feature-Policy headers are now supported in HTTP Header Security.

For more information, see HTTP Security Headers.

#### HTTP header rewrite

It's now supported to rewrite HTTP headers in response packets by defining the **HTTP Header Insertion** and **HTTP Header Removal** list in **URL Rewriting** rule.

For more information, see Rewriting & redirecting.

#### Base64 decoding in payload

FortiWeb now supports decoding base64 payloads in parameters.

For more information, see Advanced Decoding.

#### UTF-16 JS decoding in payload

FortiWeb now supports UTF-16 JS payload decoding.

#### OpenAPI enhancement

The OpenAPI Validation feature is enhanced to support the security mechanism in OpenAPI 3.0.x specifications.

#### Health check in TTP mode

FortiWeb now supports executing health check to the back-end server in TTP mode. An exception is when FortiWeb is deployed in active-active standard HA mode.

For more information, see Defining your web servers.

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#### FortiWeb admin interface web server certificate enhancement

You can now import an intermediate certificate for the FortiWeb admin interface.

For more information, see To upload the intermediate CA for the administrator.

#### 7-day threats data in FortiView

FortiWeb now displays 7-day threats data in FortiView on 3000E and 4000E.

#### Policy LDAP auth failure and Policy RADIUS auth failure events

FortiWeb now supports recording Policy LDAP auth failure and Policy RADIUS auth failure in SNMP traps.

#### Maximum configuration number increased on FortiWeb-VM

For FortiWeb-VM, its maximums for server policy, server pool, pool member, and virtual server are all increased to 1024 if the memory is larger than 64 GB; The maximums for all types of certificates are lifted to 1024 as well.

#### Administrator trusted host maximum increased

The maximum of trusted host per Administrator (configured in Admin > Administrator) is increased from 3 to 10.

#### Cookieless cache in Site Publish rule

The cookieless-cache CLI option is added for cookieless authentication in the **Site Publish** rule to allow flexible setting of the cache timeout value. When it's set to 0, FortiWeb will send authentication requests to the authentication server every time the user logs in.

## **Product Integration and Support**

#### **Supported Hardware:**

- FortiWeb 100D
- FortiWeb 400C
- FortiWeb 400D
- FortiWeb 400E
- FortiWeb 600D
- FortiWeb 600E
- FortiWeb 1000D
- FortiWeb 1000E
- FortiWeb 2000E
- FortiWeb 3000D/3000DFsx
- FortiWeb 3000E
- FortiWeb 3010E
- FortiWeb 4000D
- FortiWeb 4000E
- FortiWeb 100E

#### Supported hypervisor versions:

- VMware vSphere Hypervisor ESX/ESXi 4.0/4.1/5.0/5.1/5.5/6.0/6.5/6.7
- Citrix XenServer 6.2/6.5/7.1
- Open source Xen Project (Hypervisor) 4.9 and higher versions
- Microsoft Hyper-V (version 6.2 or higher, running on Windows 8 or higher, or Windows Server 2012/2016/2019)
- KVM (Linux kernel 2.6, 3.0, or 3.1)
- OpenStack Queens 17.0.5
- Docker Engine CE 18.09.1 or higher versions, and the equivalent Docker Engine EE versions; Ubuntu18.04.1 LTS or higher versions
- Nutanix AHV

FortiWeb is tested and proved to function well on the hypervisor versions listed above. Later hypervisor releases may work but have not been tested yet.

To ensure high performance, it's recommended to deploy FortiWeb-VM on the machine types with minimum 2 vCPUs, and memory size larger than 8 GB.

#### Supported cloud platforms:

- AWS (Amazon Web Services)
- · Microsoft Azure
- · Google Cloud
- · OCI (Oracle Cloud Infrastructure)
- Alibaba Cloud

#### Supported web browsers:

- Microsoft Edge 41
- Mozilla Firefox version 59
- Google Chrome version 65

Other web browsers may function correctly, but are not supported by Fortinet.

Build-in AV engine version: 6.00137

## Upgrade instructions

### **Image checksums**

To verify the integrity of the firmware file, use a checksum tool to compute the firmware file's MD5 checksum. Compare it with the checksum indicated by Fortinet. If the checksums match, the file is intact.

MD5 checksums for software releases are available from Fortinet Customer Service & Support:

https://support.fortinet.com

#### To download the Customer Service & Support image checksum tool

After logging in to the website, in the menus at the top of the page, click **Download**, and then click **Firmware Image Checksums**.

Alternatively, near the bottom of the page, click the **Firmware Image Checksums** button. This button appears only if one or more of your devices has a current support contract. In the **File Name** field, enter the firmware image file name including its extension, then click **Get Checksum Code**.

### **Upgrading from previous releases**



- For FortiWeb-VM with a license purchased earlier than February 2019, you must upgrade to 6.3.4 or higher. Do not use a lower patch.
- The VLAN, 802.3ad Aggregate, and Redundant interfaces are not supported anymore on FortiWeb-VMs deployed on public cloud platforms since 6.3.6. If you upgrade from versions earlier than that, these configurations will be removed.
- For FortiWeb-VM deployed in KVM environment, if you upgrade from 6.3.5 and earlier, the HA active-active standard mode will be automatically switched to HA active-active high volume mode after upgrade, and the related settings will be lost. You need to manually re-configure them. We will fix this issue in 6.4.1.

#### To upgrade from FortiWeb 6.3.x

Upgrade directly.



The "Bad Robot" and "SQL Injection (Syntax Based Detection)" signatures had been integrated into WAF modules "Bot Mitigation > Known Bots" and "SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection" since 6.3.3. If you upgrade from a version earlier than 6.3.3, all settings of these two signatures will be merged to corresponding modules except the exception list.

Make sure to **add the exception list manually** after the upgrade, otherwise certain traffic will be blocked unexpectedly because of the missing of the exception list.

#### To upgrade from FortiWeb 6.1.x and 6.2.x

Upgrade directly.

The machine learning data will be lost after the upgrade as the database format is enhanced in 6.3.0. Machine Learning will automatically start collecting data again after the upgrade.



For FortiWeb-VM on docker platform, it's not supported to upgrade to 6.4.0 from versions earlier than 6.3.0. You need to install FortiWeb-VM 6.4.0 instead of upgrading to 6.4.0. For how to install, see FortiWeb-VM on docker.



The "Bad Robot" and "SQL Injection (Syntax Based Detection)" signatures had been integrated into WAF modules "Bot Mitigation > Known Bots" and "SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection" since 6.3.3. If you upgrade from a version earlier than 6.3.3, all settings of these two signatures will be merged to corresponding modules except the exception list.

Make sure to **add the exception list manually** after the upgrade, otherwise certain traffic will be blocked unexpectedly because of the missing of the exception list.

#### To upgrade from FortiWeb 6.0 or 6.0.x

Upgrade directly.

After the upgrade:

- If you upgrade from 6.0, there might be database compatibility issue after the upgrade, because the MarisDB database version is upgraded to 10.3.8 since FortiWeb 6.0.2.
  - Run get system status to check the Database Status.
  - If it shows Available, it means the database works well. If it shows Not Available, you need to run execute db rebuild to solve the database compatibility issue. Please note in HA mode running execute db rebuild on primary appliance will take effect on all secondary appliances simultaneously.
- If you upgrade from 6.0.1, it's not necessary to run execute db rebuild because the database format has already been enhanced in 6.0.1, so that it's compatible with the new database.



The machine learning data will be lost after the upgrade as the database format is enhanced in 6.3.0. Machine Learning will automatically start collecting data again after the upgrade.



For FortiWeb-VM on docker platform, it's not supported to upgrade to 6.4.0 from versions earlier than 6.3.0. You need to install FortiWeb-VM 6.4.0 instead of upgrading to 6.4.0. For how to install, see FortiWeb-VM on docker.



The "Bad Robot" and "SQL Injection (Syntax Based Detection)" signatures had been integrated into WAF modules "Bot Mitigation > Known Bots" and "SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection" since 6.3.3. If you upgrade from a version earlier than 6.3.3, all settings of these two signatures will be merged to corresponding modules except the exception list.

Make sure to **add the exception list manually** after the upgrade, otherwise certain traffic will be blocked unexpectedly because of the missing of the exception list.

#### To upgrade from FortiWeb 5.5.x, 5.6.x, 5.7.x, 5.8.x, or 5.9.x

#### Before the upgrade:

If you upgrade from a version of FortiWeb previous to 5.9.0 on Azure platform, first change the addressing mode to
DHCP in System > Network > Interface, then upgrade to FortiWeb 6.1.1, because FortiWeb on Azure platform
has enforced the DHCP addressing mode since release 5.9.0.

#### After the upgrade:

- There might be database compatibility issue after the upgrade, because the MarisDB database version is upgraded to 10.3.8 since FortiWeb 6.0.2.
  - Run get system status to check the Database Status.
  - If it shows Available, it means the database works well. If it shows Not Available, you need to run execute db rebuild to solve the database compatibility issue. Please note in HA mode, running execute db rebuild on primary appliance will take effect on all secondary appliances simultaneously.



If you upgrade from a version of FortiWeb previous to 5.5.4, the upgrade process deletes any HTTP content routing policies that match X509 certificate content. You can re-create these policies using the new, enhanced X509 certificate settings.



The "Bad Robot" and "SQL Injection (Syntax Based Detection)" signatures had been integrated into WAF modules "Bot Mitigation > Known Bots" and "SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection" since 6.3.3. If you upgrade from a version earlier than 6.3.3, all settings of these two signatures will be merged to corresponding modules except the exception list.

Make sure to **add the exception list manually** after the upgrade, otherwise certain traffic will be blocked unexpectedly because of the missing of the exception list.

#### To upgrade from FortiWeb 5.4.x

#### Before the upgrade:

• Resize your FortiWeb hard disk partitions. See Repartitioning the hard disk.

#### After the upgrade:

- There might be database compatibility issue after the upgrade, because the MarisDB database version is upgraded to 10.3.8 since FortiWeb 6.0.2.
  - Run get system status to check the Database Status.
  - If it shows Available, it means the database works well. If it shows Not Available, you need to run execute db rebuild to solve the database compatibility issue. Please note in HA mode, running execute db rebuild on primary appliance will take effect on all secondary appliances simultaneously.



The upgrade process deletes any HTTP content routing policies that match X509 certificate content. You can re-create these policies using the new, enhanced X509 certificate settings.



The "Bad Robot" and "SQL Injection (Syntax Based Detection)" signatures had been integrated into WAF modules "Bot Mitigation > Known Bots" and "SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection" since 6.3.3. If you upgrade from a version earlier than 6.3.3, all settings of these two signatures will be merged to corresponding modules except the exception list.

Make sure to **add the exception list manually** after the upgrade, otherwise certain traffic will be blocked unexpectedly because of the missing of the exception list.

#### To upgrade from FortiWeb 5.3.x

#### Before the upgrade:

Resize your FortiWeb hard disk partitions. See Repartitioning the hard disk.

#### After the upgrade:

- There might be database compatibility issue after the upgrade, because the MarisDB database version is upgraded to 10.3.8 since FortiWeb 6.0.2.
  - Run get system status to check the Database Status.
  - If it shows Available, it means the database works well. If it shows Not Available, you need to run execute db rebuild to solve the database compatibility issue. Please note in HA mode, running execute db rebuild on primary appliance will take effect on all secondary appliances simultaneously.
    - If you are upgrading FortiWeb-VM on a hypervisor other than VMware vSphere, see FortiWeb-VM license validation after upgrade from pre-5.4 version.
    - The upgrade process deletes any HTTP content routing policies that match X509 certificate content. You can re-create these policies using the new, enhanced X509 certificate settings.



- If you upgrade from a version of FortiWeb previous to 5.3.4 and your server policy
  configuration includes settings that customize an attack blocking or server unavailable
  error page, the upgrade deletes these server-based settings. The functionality is replaced
  by the global, default FortiWeb pages.
- If you upgrade from a version of FortiWeb previous to 5.3.6, the upgrade process deletes
  any V-zone IP addresses, which are no longer required. This operation has no impact on
  routing or connectivity after the upgrade.



The "Bad Robot" and "SQL Injection (Syntax Based Detection)" signatures had been integrated into WAF modules "Bot Mitigation > Known Bots" and "SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection" since 6.3.3. If you upgrade from a version earlier than 6.3.3, all settings of these two signatures will be merged to corresponding modules except the exception list.

Make sure to **add the exception list manually** after the upgrade, otherwise certain traffic will be blocked unexpectedly because of the missing of the exception list.

#### To upgrade from a version previous to FortiWeb 5.3

FWB5.3.exe is a Microsoft Windows executable script that automatically migrates your FortiWeb 5.2.x configuration settings to a 5.3.x configuration.

- **1.** If your version is 5.0.x or 5.1.x, upgrade to FortiWeb 5.2.x.
- 2. Use **System > Maintenance > Backup & Restore** to back up your FortiWeb configuration. Fortinet recommends that you use the **Backup entire** configuration option.

**Note:** If you forget to back up the configuration before you upgrade to FortiWeb 5.3, you can use the **Boot into** alternate firmware option to downgrade to the previous version, and then backup its configuration. For details, see the *FortiWeb Administration Guide*:

http://docs.fortinet.com/fortiweb/admin-guides

**3.** To obtain the upgrade script, log in to the Fortinet Customer Service & Support website: https://support.fortinet.com

In the menus at the top of the page, click **Download**, and then click **Firmware Images**.

**4.** For product, select **FortiWeb**. Then, on the Download tab, navigate to the following folder: /FortiWeb/v5.00/5.3/Upgrade\_script/

- **5.** Download the .zip compressed archive (for example, FWB5.3Upgrade\_v1.9.zip) to a location you can access from your Windows PC.
- **6.** In Windows, extract the .zip archive's contents, and then use a command line interface to execute the upgrade script.

For example, in the directory where the file FWB5.3Upgrade.exe and your backup configuration file are located, execute the following command:

```
FWB5.3Upgrade.exe -i YOUR CONFIG NAME.conf -o 5.3 new.conf
```

The script removes the Domain Server, Physical Server, Server Farm, Content Routing policy configurations and generates a new configuration file named 5.3 new.conf.

- 7. Resize your FortiWeb hard disk partitions. See Repartitioning the hard disk.
- **8.** Upgrade to 6.3.9 first, then upgrade to 6.4.0.
- 9. Use System > Maintenance > Backup & Restore to restore the configuration file you created using the script (for example, 5.3 new.conf).
- **10.** There might be database compatibility issue after the upgrade, because the MarisDB database version is upgraded to 10.3.8 since FortiWeb 6.0.2:
  - Run get system status to check the Database Status.
  - If it shows Available, it means the database works well. If it shows Not Available, you need to run execute db rebuild to solve the database compatibility issue. Please note in HA mode, running execute db rebuild on primary appliance will take effect on all secondary appliances simultaneously.
    - If you are upgrading FortiWeb-VM on a hypervisor other than VMware vSphere, see FortiWeb-VM license validation after upgrade from pre-5.4 version.



- The upgrade process deletes any HTTP content routing policies that match X509 certificate content. You can re-create these policies using the new, enhanced X509 certificate settings.
- If your server policy configuration includes settings that customize an attack blocking or server unavailable error page, the upgrade deletes these server-based settings. The functionality is replaced by the global, default FortiWeb pages.
- The upgrade process deletes any V-zone IP addresses, which are no longer required. This operation has no impact on routing or connectivity after the upgrade.



The "Bad Robot" and "SQL Injection (Syntax Based Detection)" signatures had been integrated into WAF modules "Bot Mitigation > Known Bots" and "SQL/XSS Syntax Based Detection" since 6.3.3. If you upgrade from a version earlier than 6.3.3, all settings of these two signatures will be merged to corresponding modules except the exception list.

Make sure to **add the exception list manually** after the upgrade, otherwise certain traffic will be blocked unexpectedly because of the missing of the exception list.

Note: To upgrade from 4.0 MR4, Patch x or earlier, please contact Fortinet Technical Support.

### Repartitioning the hard disk

To upgrade from a version of FortiWeb previous to 5.5, you must first resize your FortiWeb operating system's disk.

In most cases, you'll have to install a special firmware image to repartition the disk. For details, see To use the special firmware image to repartition the operating system's disk on page 15.

For the following FortiWeb-VM tools, you cannot install the special firmware image to repartition the hard disk:

- Citrix XenServer
- Open-source Xen Project
- Microsoft Hyper-V
- KVIV

For these platforms, to repartition the disk you must deploy a new virtual machine and restore the configuration and log data you backed up earlier. See To repartition the operating system's disk without the special firmware image on page 16.



Repartitioning affects the operating system's disk (USB/flash disk), not the hard disk. Existing data such as reports and event, traffic, and attack logs, which are on the hard disk, are not affected.

You can use this image to upgrade an HA cluster by following the same procedure you use for a regular firmware upgrade. For details, see "Updating firmware on an HA pair" in the *FortiWeb Administration Guide*:

http://docs.fortinet.com/fortiweb/admin-guides

### To use the special firmware image to repartition the operating system's disk

- Perform a complete backup of your FortiWeb configuration.
   Although the repartitioning firmware image automatically saves your FortiWeb configuration, Fortinet recommends that you also manually back it up. For details, see the FortiWeb Administration Guide:
   http://docs.fortinet.com/fortiweb/admin-guides
- 2. Contact Fortinet Technical Support to obtain the special repartitioning firmware image: special build 5.4.1, build 6066.
- 3. Follow one of the same procedures that you use to install or upgrade firmware using a standard image:

- In the Web UI, go to System > Status > Status. Locate the System Information widget. Beside Firmware Version, click [Update].
- In the Web UI, go to System > Maintenance > Backup & Restore. Select the Restore option in System Configuration.
- In the CLI, enter the execute restore config command.

FortiWeb backs up the current configuration, resizes the hard drive partitions, and boots the system.

Continue with the instructions in Upgrading from previous releases on page 10.

#### To repartition the operating system's disk without the special firmware image

- Perform a complete backup of your FortiWeb configuration. For details, see the FortiWeb Administration Guide: http://docs.fortinet.com/fortiweb/admin-guides
- 2. Use the instructions for your hypervisor platform to detach the log disk from the VM:
  - To detach the log disk from a Citrix XenServer VM on page 16
  - To detach the log disk from a Microsoft Hyper-V VM on page 16
  - To detach the log disk from a KVM VM on page 16
- 3. Deploy a new FortiWeb 5.5 or later virtual machine on the same platform.
- 4. Use the instructions for your hypervisor platform to attach the log disk you detached earlier to the new VM:
  - To attach the log disk to a Citrix XenServer VM on page 17
  - To attach the log disk to a Microsoft Hyper-V VM on page 17
  - To attach the log disk to a KVM VM on page 17
- 5. Restore the configuration you backed up earlier to the new VM.
- **6.** When you are sure that the new VM is working properly with the required configuration and log data, delete the old VM.

#### To detach the log disk from a Citrix XenServer VM

- 1. In Citrix XenCenter, connect to the VM.
- 2. In the settings for the VM, on the Storage tab, select Hard disk 2, and then click Properties.
- 3. For **Description**, enter a new description, and then click **OK**.
- 4. Select Hard disk 2 again, and then click Detach.
- 5. Click Yes to confirm the detach task.

#### To detach the log disk from a Microsoft Hyper-V VM

- In the Hyper-V Manager, select the FortiWeb-VM in the list of machines, and then, under Actions, click Settings.
- 2. Select Hard Drive (data.vhd), and then click Remove.
- 3. Click Apply.

#### To detach the log disk from a KVM VM

- 1. In Virtual Machine Manager, double-click the FortiWeb-VM in the list of machines.
- 2. Click Show virtual hardware details (the "i" button).
- 3. Click VirtIO Disk 2, and then click Remove.

#### To attach the log disk to a Citrix XenServer VM

- 1. In Citrix XenCenter, connect to the VM.
- 2. In the settings for the new, FortiWeb 5.5 or later VM, on the Storage tab, select Hard disk 2, and then click Delete.
- 3. Click Yes to confirm the deletion.
- 4. On the Storage tab, click Attach Disk.
- 5. Navigate to the hard disk you detached from the old VM to attach it.
- 6. Start your new virtual machine.

#### To attach the log disk to a Microsoft Hyper-V VM

- 1. In the Hyper-V Manager, select the new, FortiWeb 5.5 or later virtual machine in the list of machines, and then, under Actions, click **Settings**.
- 2. Select Hard Drive (log.vhd), and then click Browse.
- 3. Browse to the hard drive you detached from the old virtual machine to select it.
- 4. Click Apply.
- 5. Start the new virtual machine.

#### To attach the log disk to a KVM VM

For KVM deployments, you remove an existing virtual disk from the new VM before you attach the disk detached from the original VM.

- 1. In Virtual Machine Manager, double-click the new, FortiWeb 5.5 or later VM in the list of machines.
- 2. Click Show virtual hardware details (the "i" button).
- 3. Click VirtlO Disk 2, and then click Remove.
- 4. Click Add Hardware.
- 5. Click Storage, select Select managed or other existing storage, and then click Browse.
- 6. Click Browse Local.
- 7. Navigate to the log disk file for the original machine to select it, and then click Open.
- 8. For Device type, select Virtio disk, for Storage format, select qcow2, and then click Finish.
- 9. Start the new virtual machine.

### **Upgrading an HA cluster**

If the HA cluster is running FortiWeb 4.0 MR4 or later, the HA cluster upgrade is streamlined. When you upgrade the active appliance, it automatically upgrades any standby appliance(s), too; no manual intervention is required to upgrade the other appliance(s). This includes upgrading using the special hard disk repartitioning firmware image for upgrading to 5.5 or later from earlier releases.

If the HA cluster is running FortiWeb 4.0 MR3 Patch x or earlier, contact Fortinet Technical Support for assistance.

### Downgrading to a previous release

When you downgrade to version 5.1 or 5.0, the basic configuration for your appliance's connections to the network (e.g., IP address and route configuration) is preserved.

Please note that the machine learning data will be lost if you downgrade to versions lower than 6.2.0. It cannot be recovered because the database architecture is changed since 6.2.0.

### FortiWeb-VM license validation after upgrade from pre-5.4 version

On some virtual machine deployments, upgrading FortiWeb-VM from a version previous to 5.4 changes the virtual machine's universal unique identifier (UUID). Because of this change, the first time you upload your existing FortiWeb-VM license, the FortiGuard Distribution Network (FDN) server reports that it is invalid.

To solve this problem, after you have uploaded the license, wait 90 minutes, and then upload the license again.

This issue does not affect FortiWeb-VM deployed on a VMware vSphere hypervisor.

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# Resolved issues

This section lists issues that have been fixed in version 6.4.0. For inquires about a particular bug, please contact Fortinet Customer Service & Support:

https://support.fortinet.com

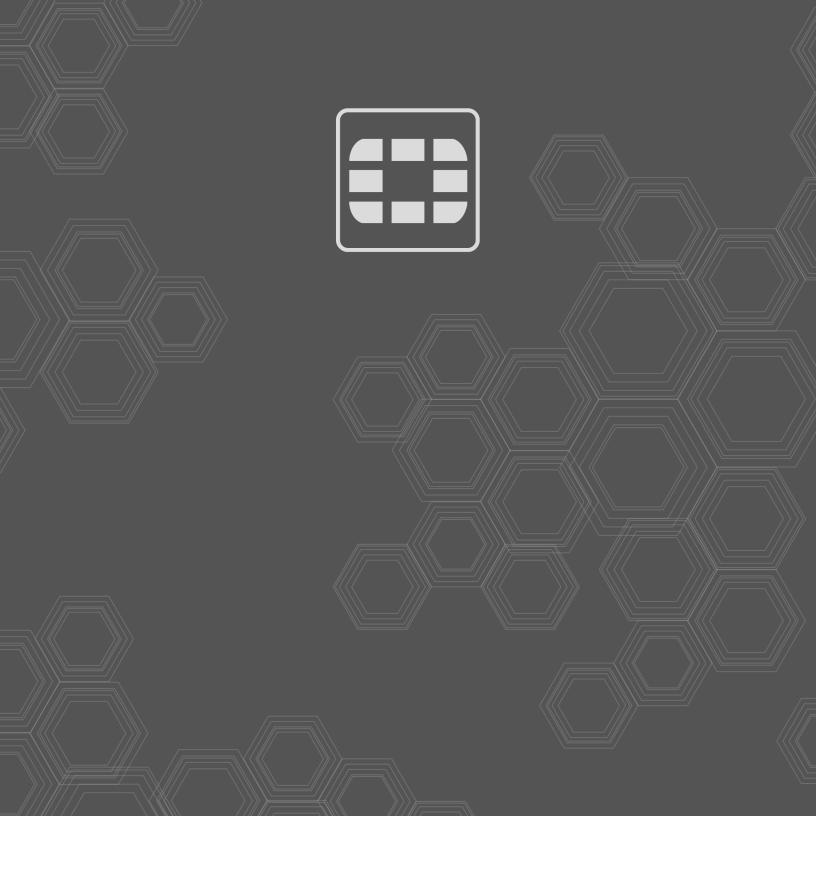
Bug ID	Description
0725933	When adding multiple content routing policies, the last policy does not show unless clicking Next and then coming back.
0723064	The system displays a very large policy session number even if there is no traffic at all currently.
0720933	".workflow" extension is not supported in file security rule.
0719975	The time field in log doesn't reflect timezone setting.
0712545	proxyd keeps holding sessions and don't release them.
0697644	Nuclei is not included in known bots.
0695798	High Memory usage after upgrading to 6.3.10.
0694535	Predefined Sensitive Data Logging rules can't obscure credit card numbers.
0691930	Log filter does not work properly when message contains comma.
0689306	Certificate Import error messages does not explain the cause clearly.
0687568	Strange spacing in Email report body.
0684107	The proxyd crashes due to memory allocation failure.
0682400	The level of the debug outputs of logd should be adjusted to avoid flooding the event logs.
0675790	FortiWeb-Azure Autoscale: The Scale-Out provisioning is inconsistent.
0668902	OpenAPI feature fails to handle the parameter in security Schemes.

Known issues 20

# **Known issues**

This section lists known issues in version 6.4.0, but may not be a complete list. For inquires about a particular bug, please contact Fortinet Customer Service & Support: https://support.fortinet.com

Bug ID	Description
0727693	Email Policy configuration can be viewed and edited by any Adom Administrator.
0726891	Content Route entries display issue.
0726697	PHP WebShell scripts are not detected.
0726635	CPU reaches 100% when there are more than 64K opened connections from FortiWeb to a single backend server IP:port.
0721020	The ".svg" file uploads are blocked.
0719975	The time field in log doesn't reflect timezone setting.
0719623	High memory due to [Proxyd, ML, Mysqld].
0693896	Total HTTP transactions and throughput does not accurate.
0689010	Many reports are stuck and are titled "undefined".



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